

# LOCTITE<sup>®</sup> 363™

September 2008

#### PRODUCT DESCRIPTION

LOCTITE<sup>®</sup> 363<sup>™</sup> provides the following product characteristics:

Technology	Acrylic		
Chemical Type	Urethane methacrylate		
Appearance (uncured)	Transparent yellow liquid <sup>LMS</sup>		
Components	One component - requires no mixing		
Viscosity	Low		
Cure	Ultraviolet (UV) light		
Cure Benefit	Production - high speed curing		
Application	Potting		

LOCTITE<sup>®</sup> 363<sup>™</sup> is designed for shallow potting and thin-film encapsulating of electronic assemblies.

### TYPICAL PROPERTIES OF UNCURED MATERIAL

Specific Gravity @ 25 °C 1.1
Flash Point - See MSDS
Viscosity, Brookfield - RVT, 25 °C, mPa·s (cP):
Spindle 1, speed 20 rpm 100 to 400<sup>LMS</sup>

### **TYPICAL CURING PERFORMANCE**

This product is cured when exposed to UV radiation of 365nm. To obtain a full cure on surfaces exposed to air, radiation at 250nm is also required. The speed of cure will depend on the UV intensity as measured at the product surface. Typical cure condition is 20-30 seconds at 100mW/cm² using a medium pressure, quartz envelope, mercury vapor lamp.

#### **Tack Free Time**

Tack Free Time is the time required to achieve a tack free surface

25

Tack Free Time, seconds: 100 mW/cm², measured @ 365 nm

#### **Fixture Time**

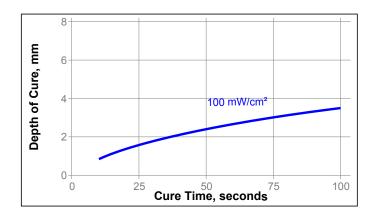
Fixture time is defined as the time to develop a shear strength of 0.1 N/mm<sup>2</sup>.

UV Fixture Time, Glass microscope slides, seconds:

6 mW/cm² , measured @ 365 nm ≤15<sup>LMS</sup> 100 mW/cm² , measured @ 365 nm 5

#### **Depth of Cure**

The graph below shows the increase in depth of cure with time at 100mW/cm<sup>2</sup> as measured from the thickness of the cured pellet formed in a 15mm diameter PTFE die.



# TYPICAL PROPERTIES OF CURED MATERIAL Physical Properties

Coefficient of Thermal Expansion, ISO 11359-2, K <sup>-1</sup>	100×10
Coefficient of Thermal Conductivity, ISO 8302, W/(m·K)	0.1
Shore Hardness, ISO 868, Durometer D	50
UV Depth of Cure, mm:	
100 mW/cm <sup>2</sup> , measured @ 365 nm, for 20	≥1.8 <sup>LMS</sup>
seconds	

#### **Electrical Properties**

Dielectric Breakdown Strength, 34
IEC 60243-1, kV/mm
Volume Resistivity, IEC 60093, Ω·cm 2×10<sup>15</sup>
Dielectric Constant / Dissipation Factor, IEC 60250:
1 kHz 4 / 0.03

# TYPICAL PERFORMANCE OF CURED MATERIAL Adhesive Properties

Cured @ 100 mW/cm², measured @ 365 nm, for 20 seconds Tensile Strength, ISO 6922: Steel pin to Glass N/mm² 3 to 12

(psi) (435 to 1,740)

# TYPICAL ENVIRONMENTAL RESISTANCE

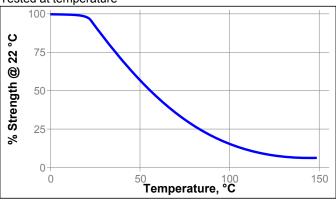
Cured @ 100 mW/cm² , measured @ 365 nm, for 20 seconds plus 1 week @ 22  $^{\circ}\text{C}$ 

Tensile Strength, ISO 6922: Steel pin (grit blasted) to Glass



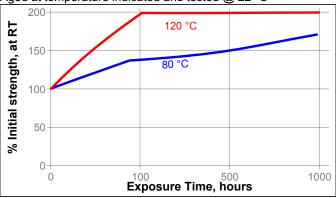
#### **Hot Strength**

Tested at temperature



# **Heat Aging**

Aged at temperature indicated and tested @ 22 °C



#### **Chemical/Solvent Resistance**

Aged under conditions indicated and tested @ 22 °C.

		% of initial strength			
Environment	°C	100 h	500 h	1000 h	
Gasoline	22	100	100	100	
1,1,1 Trichloroethane	22	90	90	45	
Freon TA	22	80	80	0	
Industrial methylated spirits	22	100	100	100	
Heat/humidity 90% RH	40	75	20	15	

#### **GENERAL INFORMATION**

This product is not recommended for use in pure oxygen and/or oxygen rich systems and should not be selected as a sealant for chlorine or other strong oxidizing materials For safe handling information on this product, consult the Material Safety Data Sheet (MSDS).

#### Directions for use:

- This product is light sensitive; exposure to daylight, UV light and artificial lighting should be kept to a minimum during storage and handling.
- The product should be dispensed from applicators with black feedlines.
- For best performance bond surfaces should be clean and free from grease.

- 4. Cure rate is dependent on lamp intensity, distance from light source, depth of cure needed or bondline gap and light transmittance of the substrate through which the radiation must pass.
- Recommended intensity for cure in bondline situation is 5 mW/cm² minimum (measured at the bondline) with an exposure time of 4-5 times the fixture time at the same intensity.
- 6. For dry curing of exposed surfaces, higher intensity UV is required (100 mW/cm²).
- 7. Cooling should be provided for temperature sensitive substrates such as thermoplastics.
- 8. Plastic grades should be checked for risk of stress cracking when exposed to liquid adhesive.
- 9. Excess uncured adhesive can be wiped away with organic solvent (e.g. Acetone).
- Bonds should be allowed to cool before subjecting to any service loads.

# Loctite Material Specification<sup>LMS</sup>

LMS dated December 3, 2001. Test reports for each batch are available for the indicated properties. LMS test reports include selected QC test parameters considered appropriate to specifications for customer use. Additionally, comprehensive controls are in place to assure product quality and consistency. Special customer specification requirements may be coordinated through Henkel Quality.

#### Storage

Store product in the unopened container in a dry location. Storage information may be indicated on the product container labeling.

Optimal Storage: 8 °C to 21 °C. Storage below 8 °C or greater than 28 °C can adversely affect product properties. Material removed from containers may be contaminated during use. Do not return product to the original container. Henkel Corporation cannot assume responsibility for product which has been contaminated or stored under conditions other than those previously indicated. If additional information is required, please contact your local Technical Service Center or Customer Service Representative.

# Conversions

(°C x 1.8) + 32 = °F kV/mm x 25.4 = V/mil mm / 25.4 = inches µm / 25.4 = mil N x 0.225 = lb N/mm x 5.71 = lb/in N/mm² x 145 = psi MPa x 145 = psi N·m x 8.851 = lb·in N·m x 0.738 = lb·ft N·mm x 0.142 = oz·in mPa·s = cP

#### Note

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Reference 1.2